

Supplementary material

Rajner M, Jasiński M, Karakulska-Prystupik E, et al. The role of antithyroid antibodies in thyroid dysfunction after allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation. *Pol Arch Intern Med.* 2023; 133: 16588. Doi:10.20452/pamw.16588

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Table S1. The assessment of thyroid function tests in patients, which had tests done before, 3 months after, and one year after alloHSCT.

Table shows that subclinical hypothyroidism is often diagnosed before alloHSCT, but only some of patients will maintain that condition after the procedure. Usually, the thyroid function tests normalize one year after transplantation. Patients that still have the subclinical hypothyroidism should be treated adequately to decrease the risk of long-term endocrine complications associated with alloHSCT.

	Before alloHSCT N=76	3 months after alloHSCT N=76	One year after alloHSCT N=76
Euthyrosis	56 (73,7%)	56 (73,7%)	66 (86,8%)
Subclinical hypothyroidism	17 (22,4%)	19 (25%)	8 (10,5%)*
Hypothyroidism	0	0	0
Subclinical hyperthyroidism	2 (2,6%)	0	2 (2,7%)
Hyperthyroidism	1 (1,3%)	0	0

* The anti-thyroid antibodies detectable in tests before and 3 months after alloHSCT in 5 persons, in 2 patients the antibodies were not tested.